

Motif*fp*lanning



Investment Philosophy

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Executive Summary

Your investment plan should reflect your values, goals, and time horizon. At Motif Planning, every portfolio is built with purpose, grounded in evidence, and integrated into your full financial life plan.

We focus on what you can control:

- Keeping costs and taxes low
- Staying invested for the long term
- Managing risk with discipline
- Diversifying globally across markets and sectors
- Avoiding behavioral mistakes that hurt returns

The market rewards patience and discipline, not prediction. Prices already reflect the collective knowledge of millions of investors, which makes consistent outperformance unlikely.

Rather than trying to outguess the market, we focus on capturing its returns efficiently through diversified, low cost investments.

Our role is to provide independent, ongoing advice and investment management that connects your portfolio to the rest of your financial life. The goal is simple: align your investments with your purpose, stay disciplined through market noise, and give you confidence that your portfolio is being managed with your larger plan in mind.

Motif Planning helps clients clarify what matters most before investing a single dollar, so every portfolio decision supports their personal and financial goals.

Why should my investments reflect my goals and values?

Investing is one part of your overall financial life plan. The goal is not to beat the market but to use the market to fund the life you want. At Motif Planning, investing starts with clarity around your goals, values, time horizon, tax situation, and comfort with risk.

I build and manage globally diversified, evidence-based portfolios designed to support your financial plan. The focus stays on what we can control: diversification, costs, taxes, behavior, and discipline rather than trying to predict what markets will do next.

Markets process an enormous amount of information every day. Prices reflect the collective decisions of millions of participants, which makes consistently outguessing the market difficult. Like a crowd estimating the number of jelly beans in a jar, individual guesses vary, but the combined estimate can be remarkably accurate. Dimensional describes markets as effective information-processing systems for much the same reason.

Your investment plan should balance growth and stability, remain aligned with your goals, and be built to withstand periods of volatility. Vanguard similarly emphasizes goals, diversification, costs, and long-term discipline as core investing principles.

The following principles explain how I think about investing and how those ideas guide the way your portfolio is built, managed, and coordinated with the rest of your financial life.



How does a flat fee fiduciary approach benefit me?

You deserve advice that is free from product sales, commissions, and hidden incentives. Motif Planning is a fee-only fiduciary, which means my recommendations are based on what supports your financial plan and long-term goals.

My compensation is transparent and flat fee. It does not increase simply because your investment portfolio grows or because more assets are managed.

If you choose investment management, I can build, implement, monitor, and rebalance your portfolio while coordinating it with your taxes, cash flow, equity compensation, retirement goals, and other financial decisions.

You still understand what you own and why you own it. I explain the strategy, tradeoffs, and role each part of your portfolio plays so you can stay informed without having to manage every detail yourself.

The goal is to give you confidence that your investments are being managed thoughtfully and working with the rest of your financial life.

Do markets really work, or can investors find an edge?

Markets are powerful systems that reflect the collective knowledge and decisions of millions of participants. Every day, investors around the world analyze information, make trades, and adjust prices. This constant activity drives all available information into market prices almost instantly.

The efficient market hypothesis helps explain why predicting short term price movements is nearly impossible. Prices already include what everyone knows and expects. Trying to outguess the market usually means competing against thousands of full time professionals and high speed algorithms that react in fractions of a second.

A simple example is the jelly bean jar experiment. When a group of people guess how many jelly beans are in a jar, individual guesses can vary wildly, but the average of all guesses often lands very close to the real number. Markets work the same way. The collective average of many independent decisions is usually more accurate than any single prediction.

Rather than trying to beat the market, investors can use it to their advantage. Accepting market efficiency frees you to focus on things you can control, such as costs, taxes, and behavior. It also reinforces the importance of staying invested through all conditions instead of chasing short term trends.



Why does time in the market matter more than timing the market?

Investing rewards patience. Markets move unpredictably in the short term, but over decades they have delivered strong returns for disciplined investors. The focus should be on staying invested, not trying to predict the next move.

Market timing often sounds simple but rarely works. Missing even a few of the market's best days can dramatically reduce long term returns. Over the last 25 years, a fully invested portfolio grew several times larger than one that sat out during a few strong weeks. Predicting when to get out and back in requires being right twice, which almost no one can do consistently.



Source: Dimensional

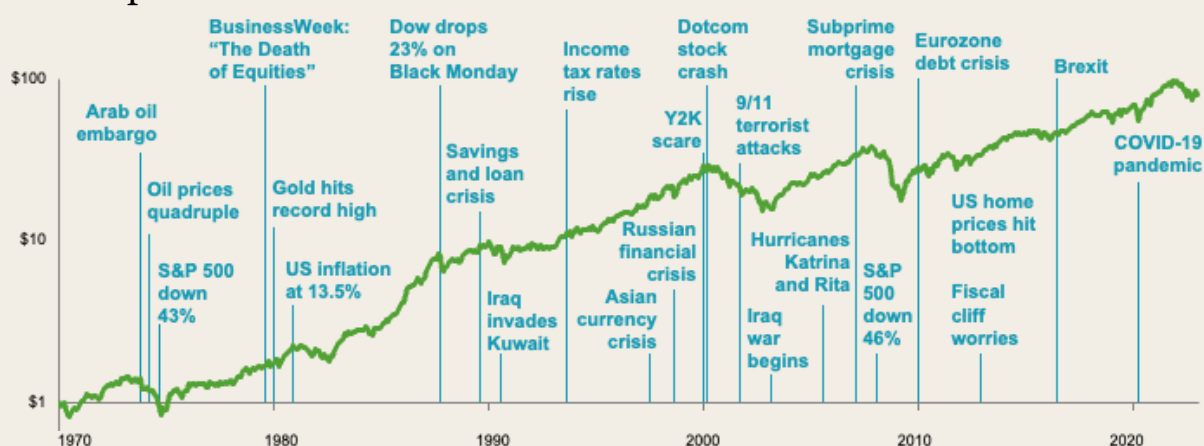
Why does time in the market matter more than timing the market? (cont.)

Volatility is the price of growth. Markets fall and recover in unpredictable cycles, but the long term trend has always been upward. Downturns often lead to periods of strong returns when investors least expect it. The data shows that staying invested through uncertainty has been far more rewarding than trying to time exits and reentries.

Money you plan to use within five years should not be at risk in the market. That portion belongs in cash or short term bonds. Everything beyond that horizon can remain invested for growth. This structure keeps short term needs safe while allowing long term money to compound.

Compounding requires time and discipline. You earn returns on both your initial investment and the growth that follows. Interrupting that process by reacting to headlines or market swings sacrifices long term progress. The best strategy is simple: stay invested, stay diversified, and let time do the heavy lifting.

We monitor portfolios, rebalance when appropriate, and communicate through periods of uncertainty to keep your investments aligned with your financial plan.

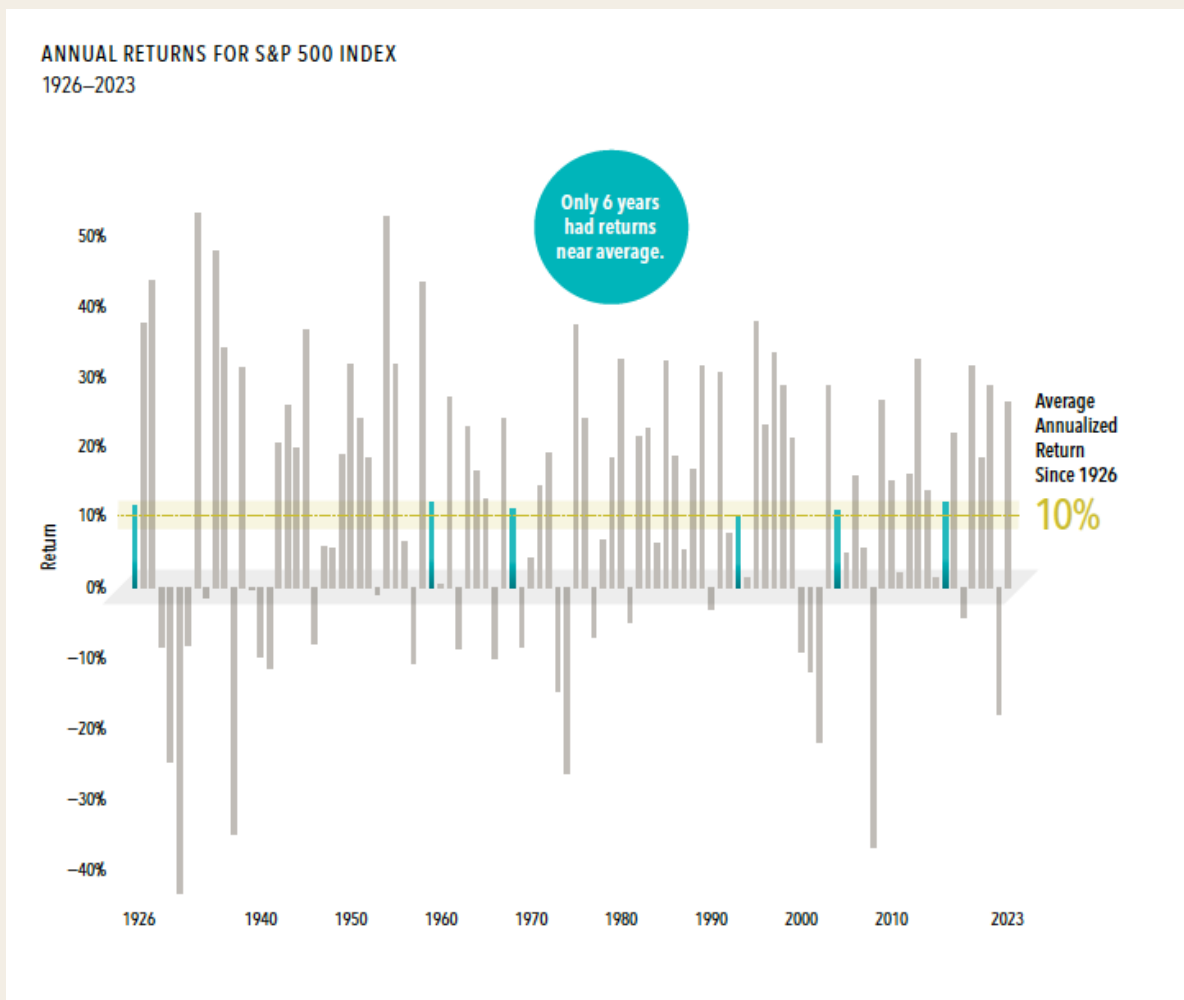


Source: Dimensional

How can I stay invested when markets are volatile?

Market volatility is normal. It can feel uncomfortable, but it's also the reason investors earn higher long term returns compared to keeping money in cash. Without short term risk, there would be no reward for staying invested.

Since 1926, the US stock market has averaged about a 10 percent annual return, but yearly results have rarely landed near that number. Returns have ranged from losses of more than 40 percent to gains above 50 percent. Only a handful of years came close to the long term average. The lesson is clear: consistency in behavior matters more than consistency in returns.



Source: Dimensional

How can I stay invested when markets are volatile? (cont.)

Downturns are temporary, but your reaction to them can have lasting impact. Selling in fear locks in losses and misses the recovery that often follows. History shows that periods of strong performance frequently arrive soon after major declines.

Accepting volatility is part of being a long term investor. Markets cannot be predicted, but they have rewarded those who stayed patient through uncertainty. A well diversified portfolio, clear goals, and a disciplined plan make it easier to endure the bumps and capture the rewards that follow.

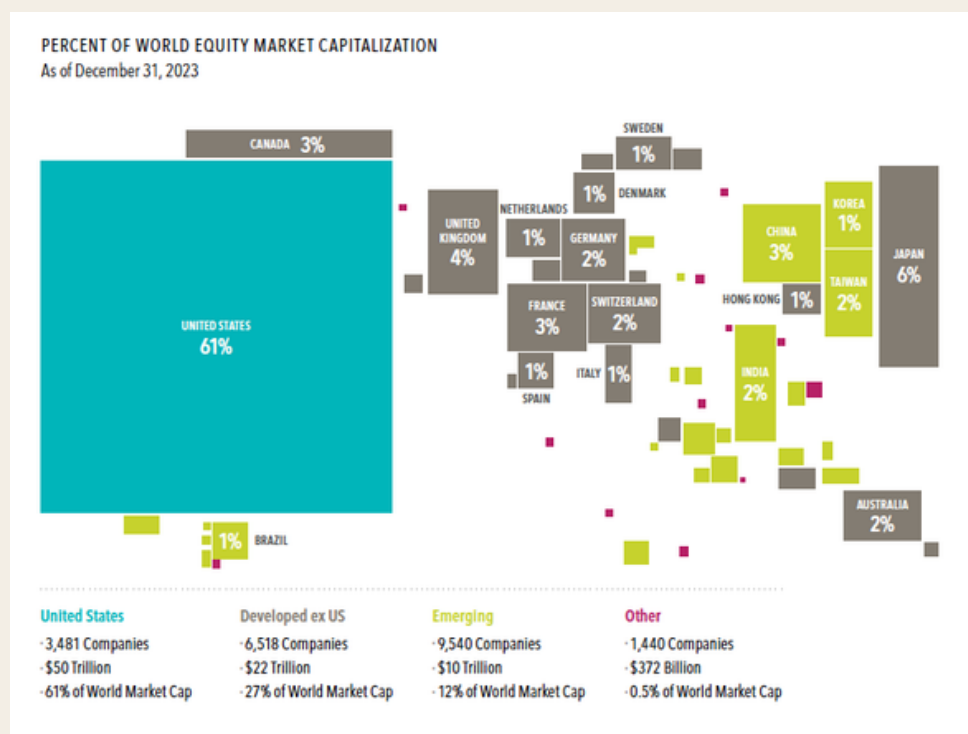
Motif Planning builds and manages portfolios designed to weather volatility, while providing clear communication and perspective during market downturns.

Why should I invest globally instead of just in US markets?

No single country or sector leads forever. Market leadership changes constantly, often without warning. One year the United States may lead, the next it may lag. Over the past two decades, countries like New Zealand, Denmark, and Japan have each topped performance charts in some years and fallen to the bottom in others.

A globally diversified portfolio spreads investments across thousands of companies and dozens of economies. When one region or sector struggles, another often thrives. This balance helps create a steadier experience and reduces the impact of any single market's decline.

Global diversification also expands opportunity. Roughly 40 percent of the world's equity market lies outside the United States. Limiting investments to one country means missing nearly half of the available growth and innovation.



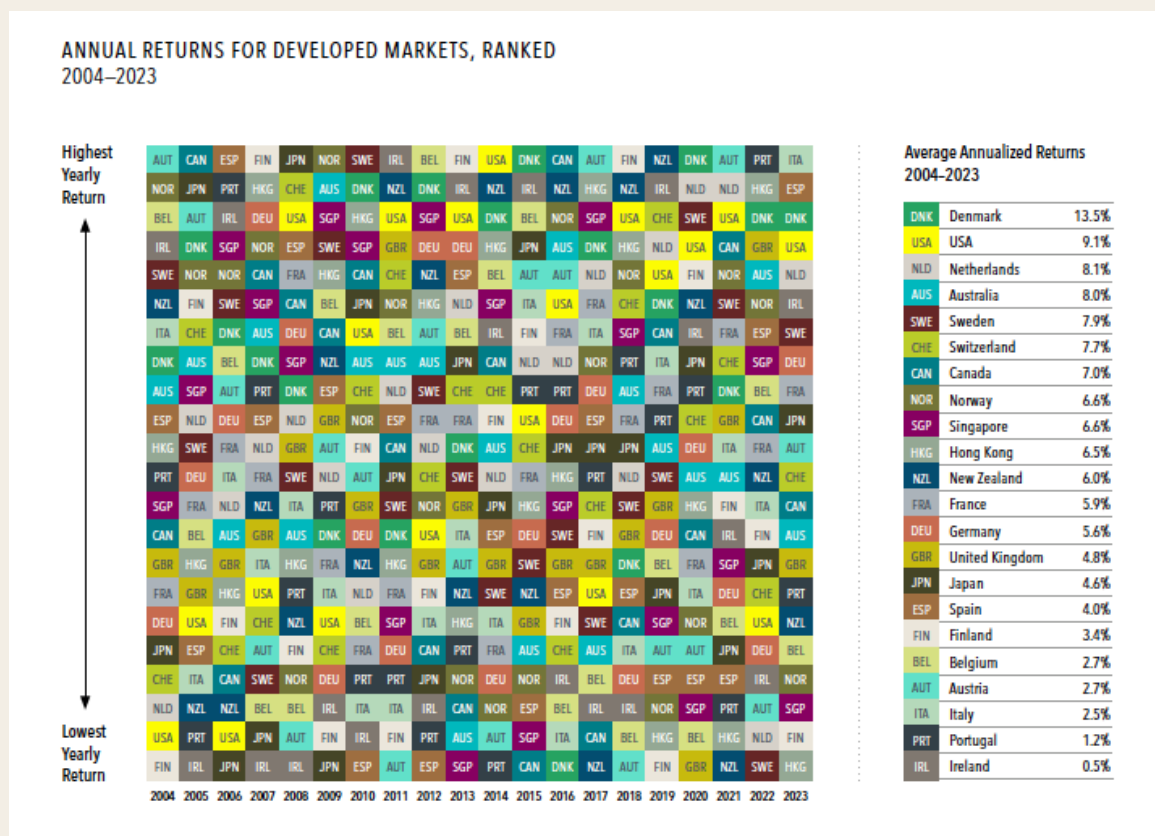
Source: Dimensional

Why should I invest globally instead of just in US markets? (cont.)

Diversification goes beyond geography. It includes different asset classes, industries, company sizes, and styles such as value and profitability. Small and value stocks, for example, have historically delivered higher expected returns, though not every year. Owning many types of assets helps capture these premiums when they appear.

A global approach doesn't guarantee profits or eliminate risk, but it does help manage uncertainty. The goal is not to pick winners, but to own them all and let markets work in your favor.

We build and manage globally diversified portfolios designed to reduce concentration risk and align each allocation with your goals, tax situation, and time horizon.



Source: Dimensional

How much risk should I take with my investments?

Risk is more than market ups and downs. It is the level of uncertainty you can handle financially and emotionally while staying focused on your goals. There are three dimensions of risk that guide how your portfolio is built and managed.

1. Risk Tolerance

This is your emotional comfort with volatility. Some people can watch markets fall without stress, while others feel anxious and want to react. Your tolerance affects how you behave during turbulent markets and how likely you are to stay disciplined through them.

2. Risk Capacity

This is your financial ability to take risk. It depends on your income stability, time horizon, savings rate, and other resources. Someone with a long career ahead and steady earnings can usually accept more risk than someone nearing retirement or drawing from investments.

3. Risk Perception

This is how you interpret market activity and news. Perception changes with experience and confidence. Understanding that volatility is normal helps you stay grounded when markets move sharply.

A strong investment plan balances these three dimensions. The goal is to choose an amount of risk that supports your financial plan and feels sustainable through every market cycle.

Motif Planning evaluates your tolerance, capacity, and perception of risk to build and manage a portfolio that fits your goals and remains sustainable through different market environments.

How do emotions and behavior affect investment results?

The biggest threat to long term investment success often comes from behavior, not the market. Emotions and instincts can lead to poor decisions at the wrong time. Recognizing these biases helps you avoid mistakes that can reduce returns. Common behavioral biases include:

Recency bias: Believing that recent market trends will continue and overreacting to short term results.

Loss aversion: Feeling the pain of losses more strongly than the pleasure of gains, which can lead to selling during downturns.

Overconfidence: Assuming skill rather than luck explains past success and taking unnecessary risks.

Herd behavior: Following what others are doing instead of sticking to your plan.

Even experienced investors are influenced by these biases. The key is to have a process that protects you from emotional reactions. This includes setting clear investment rules, automating contributions, and focusing on long term goals instead of daily headlines.

Good behavior compounds just like money does. Staying disciplined, patient, and consistent is one of the most reliable ways to improve investment results.

We help clients recognize and manage behavioral biases through education and structured decision-making, so short term emotion does not drive long term results.



How do taxes and fees impact my returns?

Investment returns matter, but what you keep after taxes and costs matters more. Taxes and fees are the two factors that most directly reduce long term growth, and both can be managed with planning and discipline.

Keep costs low

Funds with high expense ratios, trading fees, or hidden layers of management costs can erode returns over time. Low cost index funds and exchange traded funds are efficient tools for capturing market performance without unnecessary expenses.

Be tax aware

Where and how investments are held affects what you keep. Using the right account type for each investment helps lower taxes. Rebalancing, harvesting losses, and timing withdrawals are other ways to manage taxes without changing your overall investment strategy.

Focus on after tax, after fee results

What matters is not how much your investments earn on paper, but how much ends up in your pocket. Every dollar saved in costs or taxes compounds just like returns do.

Managing taxes and fees does not require complex trading strategies. It requires awareness, consistency, and a plan that integrates investing with your broader financial life.

Motif Planning integrates investment decisions with cash flow, benefits, and tax planning to improve after tax, after fee results across all accounts.

What does evidence based investing mean in practice?

Good investing is guided by data, not prediction. Academic research has identified long term factors that help explain differences in returns between groups of stocks. These factors are grounded in decades of market evidence, not speculation or opinion.

Portfolios built on these principles favor characteristics that have shown higher expected returns over time. Research has identified characteristics such as company size, relative price, and profitability that have historically been associated with differences in expected returns. These premiums are uncertain and may not appear for long periods.

This approach rejects stock picking, market timing, and forecasts. Instead, it focuses on broad diversification and disciplined exposure to proven sources of return. The goal is to capture market performance efficiently rather than chase short term trends.

Evidence based investing also means accepting uncertainty. No model or dataset can predict the future, but research and data provide a rational foundation for long term decision making. When combined with behavioral discipline and tax awareness, this approach creates a reliable structure for achieving financial goals.

We use research from leading financial academics to design and manage diversified portfolios that seek exposure to evidence-based sources of expected return, while explaining the strategy in plain language.



How often should my portfolio be reviewed and rebalanced?

A strong investment plan is not something you set and forget. Your portfolio should adapt as your life, goals, tax situation, and cash needs change. Ongoing monitoring and periodic reviews help keep it aligned with your financial plan and appropriate level of risk.

Monitor and review regularly

Life events, career changes, tax considerations, cash needs, and evolving goals can all affect how your investments should be structured. I monitor managed portfolios throughout the year and formally review the strategy as part of your ongoing financial plan.

Simplify when possible

Complex portfolios often add cost and confusion without improving results. Fewer, well diversified holdings make it easier to manage performance, taxes, and behavior. Clarity helps you stay consistent when markets fluctuate.

Rebalance with discipline

Over time, different parts of a portfolio grow at different rates. Rebalancing brings your allocation back toward its target as different investments grow at different rates. This helps keep the portfolio's risk aligned with the strategy rather than allowing recent market performance to determine how much risk you take.

Consistency, not complexity, drives success. A plan that is simple to understand, easy to follow, and regularly reviewed will outperform one that reacts to every market move.

Motif Planning monitors managed portfolios throughout the year, rebalances when appropriate, and simplifies holdings when possible to maintain diversification, tax efficiency, and clarity.

Closing summary

Investing should serve your life, not the other way around. The purpose of your portfolio is to support your goals, reflect your values, and give you confidence about the future.

Markets will rise and fall. Tax laws will change. New investment products will appear. What stays constant is the need for discipline, perspective, and clarity. Good investing is less about prediction and more about process.

At Motif Planning, investing is part of a larger financial life plan. Your portfolio is built and managed to support the life you want, take an appropriate level of risk, and keep unnecessary taxes and costs from getting in the way. By focusing on evidence, behavior, tax awareness, and long-term thinking, your investments can stay connected to what your money is ultimately meant to support.

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